

Selected Papers of William L. White

www.williamwhitepapers.com

Collected papers, interviews, video presentations, photos, and archival documents on the history of addiction treatment and recovery in America.

Citation: White, W. (2011) Book Review: Treating Substance Use Disorders with Adaptive Continuing Care. James R. McKay, American Psychological Association, 2009. Washington D.C., *Addiction*, 106(2), 453. Posted at **www.williamwhitepapers.com**

Treating Substance Use Disorders with Adaptive Continuing Care. James R. McKay, American Psychological Association, 2009. Washington D.C., 277 pages, \$69.95, ISBN 13: 978-1-4338-0459-5.

William L. White

Emeritus Senior Research Consultant Chestnut Health Systems bwhite@chestnut.org

Recent reviews of the dominant approaches to addiction treatment are filled with calls for a "seismic shift rather than mere tinkering," a "quantum leap," [1] a "fundamental shift in thinking," "paradigm shift," [3] and a "sea change in the culture of addiction service delivery." [4] Central to these critiques is the perceived need to shift the focus of addiction treatment intensity (acute biopsychosocial stabilization) to extensity (sustained monitoring and support, assertive linkage to indigenous recovery communities, stageappropriate recovery education, and when needed, early re-intervention). [5] As "systems transformation" efforts unfold at national, regional, and local levels to achieve this shift, treatment leaders are searching for a cogent synthesis of the scientific research relevant to these redesign efforts. James McKay's Treating Substance Use Disorders with Adaptive Continuing Care stands as the best singular summary of such research.

McKay's text is rigorously researched and written in an accessible style that will

find appreciative audiences among fellow scientists, behavioral health care policy makers and administrators, as well as those working on the frontlines of addiction treatment and peer-based recovery support services. The book establishes the scientific rationale for sustained recovery management, summarizes studies to date on various approaches to long-term recovery support, and suggests future directions for enhancing long-term recovery outcomes.

Treating Substance Use Disorders with Adaptive Continuing Care notes the emergence of new service institutions (grassroots recovery community organizations), new recovery support roles (recovery coaches), new service delivery media (e.g., telephone- and Internet-based recovery support services), and new technologies of long-term care management (e.g., use of algorithms to adapt ongoing care, recovery checkups).

A central finding in the research reviewed is that the theoretical orientation of addiction treatment may not be as important

williamwhitepapers.com 1

as how that treatment is delivered. According to McKay's review, treatment delivery, regardless of orientation, is best driven by the following principles: 1) duration of the service relationship matters, 2) proactive strategies of engagement and retention are crucial, 3) incentives elevate outcomes, and 4) assertive linkage to family and community recovery support resources elevate longterm outcomes. This book is a valuable read for anyone interested in the future of addiction treatment and recovery, and essential reading for those responsible for the planning, funding, design, delivery, and evaluation of addiction treatment or peerbased recovery support services. Continuing care is not something that happens after completion of primary treatment; it is a way to conceptualize all of the care and support directed toward the goal of long-term recovery for individuals and families.

References

 Humphreys K. Closing remarks: swimming to the horizon—reflections on a special series. Addiction 2006; 101:1238-1240.

- 2. Moos RH. Addictive disorders in context: principles and puzzles of effective treatment and recovery. *Psychol Addict Behav* 2003; 17:3-12.
- 3. Dennis ML, Scott CK, Funk R, Foss MA. The duration and correlates of addiction and treatment careers. *J Subst Abuse Treat* 2005;28: S51-S62.
- 4. Miller WR. Bring addiction treatment out of the closet. *Addiction* 2007; 102:863-869.
- 5. McKay JR. (2005). Is there a case for extended interventions for alcohol and drug use disorders? *Addiction* 2005; 100(11):1594-1610.

2

William L. White Chestnut Health Systems Bloomington, IL USA