

Selected Papers of William L. White

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Collected papers, interviews, video presentations, photos, and archival documents on the history of addiction treatment and recovery in America.

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Gender-specific Addiction Treatment Programs

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Women-specific addiction treatment programs differ significantly in the variety, comprehensiveness, design, duration and cost of services. When available, these programs should be considered as priority referral sources for women presenting with high severity and complexity of their substance use and related disorders. Probation officers are often called upon to make judgments about which treatment facility would be best for female clients they supervise. The following seem to be the most critical ingredients of effective womenspecific addiction treatment programs. (This is intended as a checklist to evaluate the comprehensiveness of the services offered by programs who market their services to women.) The program:

- 1. provides outreach services
- 2. focuses on addiction as one of multiple problems that requires a concentrated and sustained focus
- 3. cultivates and maintains relationships with and is involved in collaborative service delivery with multiple helping agencies

- concentrates its services, to the greatest extent possible, in a single, nonstigmatizing service environment
- 5. integrates or links addiction treatment services to primary health care for the mother and her children, e.g., treats gynecological and medical problems
- 6. focuses simultaneously on needs of the woman and her children
- 7. provides child care, transportation and housing services
- 8. links clients to domestic violence services
- 9. provides strong female role models
- 10. provides gender exclusive groups and female therapists, outreach workers and case managers
- 11. encourages a nonhierarchical, partnership model of client-staff relationships
- 12. emphasizes client empowerment via goal of personal and economic selfsufficiency and emphasis on choices throughout the treatment process
- 13. addresses the shame and guilt associated with both alcoholism/addiction and child neglect and/or maltreatment

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- 14. encourages sexual autonomy related to desires, preferences, and limits
- 15. provides case management services to address personal and environmental obstacles to recovery
- 16. assures physical and psychological safety within the treatment milieu
- 17. addresses issues of low self-esteem, learned helplessness, victimization, comorbid disorders (particularly depression), and educational/vocational needs
- 18. offers training in parenting as well as women-specific concerns related to hygiene, birth control, and STD prevention and treatment
- 19. gives admission priority and special treatment protocol for pregnant women
- 20. provides a structured program of family-focused aftercare.

Sources:

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